Num. 4017

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Thurſday, July 10, 1746.

From the London Gazette, July 5.

Vienna, June 29.

COLONEL O Donnel, who arrived here from Italy, is appointed a Major General: He has brought 29 Pair of Colours and 3 Standards. The whole Number of Cannon taken was 10, and the Enemy's whole Loſs in Killed, Wounded and Priſoners, is now affirmed to be no leſs than 14,000 Men. Marquis de Mirepoix is not ſo deſperately wounded as was given out.

Bruſſels, July 7. By the laſt Advices from the Neighbourhood of Mons, we hear that the Beſiegers were battering in Breach with 100 Pieces of Cannon and 40 Mortars, but that the Place was not as yet much damaged: That the Beſiegers were preparing 14 Ovens, in order to fire red hot Bullets into the Town. They write from Paris of the 4th inſtant, that all the Troops remaining in Provence, Languedoc and Dauphine, in the Rouſſillon and the Lampourdan, as likewiſe thoſe in the Franche Comte, have Orders to march into the County of Nice; that not above 10,000 Men can be drawn from thence, by reaſon of the Garriſons; but that it was thought a Detachment of 18 or 20,000 Men from Brabant would be ſent to reinforce them. The Deſertion from the French Army in Brabant is extraordinary, the freſheſt Letters from thence make it amount to 8000 Men, including almoſt the whole Regiment of Dauphin. In the Paris Gazette it is own'd, that they loſt 4000 Men in the Battle near Placentia.

Camp at Terbyde, July 8. Marſhal Bathiani has received a Courier, with an Account, that the Combined Army near Placentia had ſent out a Detachment of their beſt Cavalry, to the Number of 2000, to endeavour to cut their Way through the Imperial and King of Sardinia's Armies, but that the advanced Parties having got Intelligence of them, they were ſurrounded, 1265 taken Priſoners, and the Remainder, except a very few, cut to pieces. The whole Body of Auſtrian Troops from Germany is this Day arrived at Venlo. The neceſſary Diſpoſitions are making for the Removal of our Army from hence. Laſt Night the Tranſports, having on board the Britiſh Battalions, arrived at Helvoetſluys, and ſome as far as Willemſtadt.

Hague, July 8. The French are daily receiving ſmall Reinforcements from the Upper Meuſe. The News of the Surrender of Mons is expected every Day. Fort Marguerite, and even Ypres, is ſaid to be razed. The French King was, according to the laſt Letters from Paris, to ſet out on his Return to the Army as this Day Se'nnight. The Conſternation at Paris, upon the Advices from Italy, is reported to be very great. The Prince of Lichtenſtein's ill Health had obliged him to retire again from the Army. According to our laſt Advices, The King of Sardinia's Head Quarters were ſtill at Stradella, but General Bernclau had been ſent to preſs and concert his Junction with the Auſtrian Army.

Willemſtadt, July 9. The Tranſports with the Forces from England arrived at Helvoetſluys on Thurſday, Part of them came up hither that Evening, ſome Yeſterday, and the reſt To-day; they will be diſembarked To-morrow Morning. The Train is alſo arrived. The Tranſports which brought the Heſſians are ſailed back to Leith. The Princeſs of Waldeck is expected here To-day to ſee the Britiſh Forces diſembark. His Britannick Majeſty's Yacht the Catherine came to an Anchor off this Place Yeſterday, with General Ligonier on board; ſhe had been in a Storm of 36 Hours, and two Tranſports were run aſhore the Night before, but it was hoped they would be got off at High Water with little or no Damage. We hear by her, that ſeveral People were drowned at the Nore, and that the oldeſt Sailor did not remember to have ſeen ſuch Weather at this Time of the Year.

Die Veneris 27 *Junii*, 1746.

The Houſe of Lords having this Day appointed William Earl of Kilmarnock to be try'd on Monday the 28th of July next, at Nine of the Clock in the Morning, upon the Bill of Indictment for High Treaſon found againſt him; and George Earl of Cromartie to be try'd on the ſame Day, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, on the Bill of Indictment for High Treaſon found againſt him; and Arthur Lord Balmerino to be try'd on the ſame Day, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, upon the Bill of Indictment for High Treaſon found againſt him: It is thereupon ordered, That every Peer who has a Right to ſit and vote in Parliament, do appear at and attend the ſaid Tryals.

Ordered, That this Order be affixed on the Doors of this Houſe, and of Weſtminſter Hall, and alſo be printed and publiſhed in the London Gazette, at leaſt twenty Days before the ſaid Tryals.

Aſhley Cowper Cler' Parliamentor'

Whitehall, July 5. The King has been pleaſed to order a Commiſſion to be paſſed under the great Seal of Great Britain for conſtituting and appointing the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Chancellor of Great Britain, to be High Steward of Great Britain, for the trying of William Earl of Kilmarnock, George Earl of Cromertie, and Arthur Lord Balmerino, upon ſeveral Indictments of High Treaſon, found againſt them by the Grand Jury of the County of Surry.

Edinburgh, June 29. Upon Information that John

Murray of Broughton, late Secretary to the Pretender's Son, had on Friday laſt dined at Kilbucho, and had that Night gone to the Houſe of Mr. Hunter of Polmood, who married Mr. Murray's Siſter, John Smith, Serjeant in St. George's Dragoons, with 7 private Men then under his Command at Broughton, was order'd thither with a Guide, and Yeſterday at 3 o'Clock in the Morning he ſeized Mr. Murray at the Houſe of Polmood; and Yeſterday he was brought before the Lord Juſtice-Clerk, and was committed cloſe Priſoner to the Caſtle of Edinburgh. Upon his Examination he declared that the Pretender's Son, with Sullivan and O Neil, both Iriſh, and no other Perſon in Company, did, about 4 Days after the Battle of Culloden, go off from Moidart in an open Boat, in order to get on board of a Ship, but that he, Murray, being at that Time indiſpoſed, was not able to go with them. The ſaid Murray had been moſtly with Lochiel and his Uncle Major Kennedy, and his Brother, in a ſtarving Way, lying on the Side of Hills all Day, and travelling or wandring all the Night with Scouts at a Mile or half a Mile's diſtance, never daring to ſtay two Nights in one Place. Lochiel was very ill, wounded in the Heel, and obliged to uſe a Horſe; and he, Murray, unable to bear Fatigue and Want any longer, croſs'd the Hill without a Servant, and came by Monteith to the Place where he was taken.

From Wye's Letter, London, July 5.

Yeſterday the Lords read a firſt time the Bill from the Commons, for enabling the Commiſſioners of the Navy to purchaſe Naval Stores brought in neutral Ships.——Paſt the Bill to prohibit and prevent Nonjuring Epiſcopal Meeting-houſes in Scotland.——Ordered that the Committee appointed to conſider of Methods of proceeding, in order to bring the Lords lately indicted for High Treaſon to a ſpeedy Trial, be read on Tueſday.—Adjourned to Monday.

The Commons read a firſt time the Bill for diſarming the Scots Highlanders and obliging them to leave off their Plaids, and wear the ſame Habit as other Perſons.

It is ſaid there will be a general Review of his Majeſty's Forces in Hyde-park by his Majeſty, as ſoon as his R. Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland arrives in Town from Scotland.

This Day a great Number of Cheſts, containing 146,000 Ounces of foreign Silver Coin, was carried from the India-houſe, in order to be ſhipped at Portſmouth on board the outward bound Fleet.

From the London Evening Poſt, July 5.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, July 8.

It does not appear that Mr. Trevor has as yet been able to obtain any ſatisfactory Anſwer to the Demand made by his Britannick Majeſty, in relation to the late Behaviour of M. Van Hoey; and ſeeing the high Credit that Miniſter is in at the Court of France, and the great Number of Friends he has among thoſe in Power, or rather among the F——h Faction here, it is thought no vigorous or ſatisfactory Reſolution will be taken, nor he be either cenſured or called home: But be that as it will, the Court of Great Britain inſiſts on Satisfaction. This Matter has once more very lately been taken into Conſideration by the States General; and thoſe who ſeem beſt acquainted with the Deliberations of that Aſſembly, give out, that the Conduct of Mr. Van Hoey has been cenſured by all, without Reſerve. Their H. Mightineſſes ſeem to be of opinion, that the French Miniſter, d'Argenſon has made a falſe Step, and by his Application to the Britiſh Miniſtry had exceeded Bounds of Decency to be obſerved by Powers engaged in War, under ſuch nice and delicate Circumſtances, ſcarce to be equalled, as thoſe of the Rebellion carried on in Scotland; the Court of Great Britain having a juſt Right to treat the Son of the Pretender, and all his Adherents, without Exception, as Rebels, and Invaders of the publick Peace of the Kingdom; and as ſuch, to inflict ſuch Puniſhments on them as the Laws of their Country preſcribe, and will juſtify, without ſhewing any Regard either to the Perſon of the Pretender, to his Followers, or to thoſe who ſet him or them to work, or to any other Power whatſoever; that the Action was too black for any Court in Europe to dare either directly or indirectly to interpoſe on their Behalf: That as to Mr. Van Hoey, he had acted out of Character, by taking upon him to tranſmit d'Argenſon's Letter, and intereſting himſelf publickly in that Affair, by recommending it: That he might have given many Reaſons in Excuſe for his not embracing ſuch a Commiſſion; particularly, that it was inconſiſtent with his Character as a Miniſter from a Power in ſtrict Friendſhip and Alliance with his Britannick Majeſty; that it was contrary to the repeated Inſtructions he had received from his Maſters, not to meddle in Affairs which did not concern him; That admitting he might comply with the Requeſt made by the French Miniſter, Prudence forbid him from interfering in the Matter recommended to him, and directed him to content himſelf with writing only a Letter to acquaint the Britiſh Miniſtry with what was asked of him, and not to add a ſingle Word of his own, either in Behalf of, or againſt the Conduct of the Court of Verſailles.——*Daily Advertiſer.*

LONDON, *July 5.*

It is now generally believed that the French Fleet is put in to Ferrol. And its Deſtination is variouſly taked of.

We hear that on the Trials of the Rebel Lords now in the Tower, every Peer will, according to his Dignity, have Tickets, for the Admittance of divers Perſons of Diſtinction on the ſaid Trials.

Thurſday the Court for trying the Rebels met at St. Margaret's-Hill, Southwark, according to their Adjournment, when the Priſoners were all arraigned, three of whom pleaded *Guilty*, viz. James Gad and Alexander Abernethy, Captains in the Duke of Perth's Regiment, and Thomas Furnival, Lieutenant in the Manchester Regiment: On being informed that their Trials would come on next Monday, they deſired a longer Time, alledging, that the moſt material of their Witneſſes lived in Scotland and Lancaſhire, and could not poſſibly hear of it; whereupon the Court adjourned till Yeſterday Morning, when the Priſoners were again brought to the Bar, and acquainted that (upon their Requeſt for Time to produce Witneſſes) the Engliſh Priſoners ſhould be allowed 15 Days, from Thurſday July 4. and the Scots 21. Days from the ſame Time.

The Hon. Henry Legge, Eſq; lately appointed one of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, is re-choſen Member for Orford.

The Right Hon. the Lord Duncannon, lately appointed one of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, is re-choſen Member for Derby.

As is alſo the Hon. Richard Arundel, Eſq; for Knareſborough, lately appointed Treaſurer of the Chamber to his Majeſty.

A Plan is laid before his Majeſty for building a Pier at Brunti ſland near Edinburgh in Scotland, for the better landing of the Forces there, both Foot and Horſe upon any Emergency.

Yeſterday came Advice that the Warren Gally, Capt. Wilſon, has taken and ſent into Falmouth a French Veſſel laden with Raiſins and Pruns.

The Portland, Ruſſel from Virginia, is retaken by the the Dragon Privateer, of Briſtol, and is alſo ſent into Falmouth.

The Diſpatch, Evans, from Jamaica, to Briſtol, is taken by the French and carried into St. Malo.

The John Galley, Fenell, from Jamaica for London, is taken by the French and carried into Grandville.

Bank Stock 126 1 half. India Stock 174. South Sea Stock 99 1 qr.

York, July 1.

We are aſſured that the Aſſizes for this County begin on the 21ſt inſtant for the Diſpatch of the County Buſineſs, and that three Weeks after, the four Judges will open their ſpecial Commiſſions for the Trial of the Rebels; and, it is ſaid, all thoſe who are now under Confinement at Cheſter and Hull, will be brought to take their Trials here.

From the St. James's Evening Poſt, July 5.

Naples, June 14. In the Night of the 1ſt. Inſtant, A Plot was diſcovered by the Officer then on Duty at the Fortreſs of Pizzo Falcone, concerted by the whole Battalion of Militia of Calabria Citra, in Garriſon at that Fortreſs, of which the Prince of Biſignano is Colonel, to deſert with their Arms, and to murder the Officers if they ſhould oppoſe their Deſign. The ſaid Battalion was immediately diſarmed and ordered into Arreſt, and the Garriſon was reinforced by a Battalion of veteran Troops. On the 2d, 3d and 7th Inſtant anchored in this Port, from Genoa, ſeveral Tranſport Veſſels, with a Battalion out of the Burgundy Regiment, to recruit, this Regiment having ſuffer'd extremely in the Campaign of Lombardy, and ſpared 200 Men to compleat other Regiments of the King's Troops there. Theſe Tranſports have landed alſo three Battalions of the King's Troops, which capitulated at the Surrender of Valentia, having been ordered to Naples, they not being to ſerve againſt the King of Sardinia and his Allies for 12 Months.

Prague, June 14. *O. S.* The Saxon Troops, which are ſtill in this Kingdom, will march out of it next Week; our Court having paid the Sum of Money demanded as a Debt by the Saxon Miniſtry.

Hanover, June 16. The King having reſolved to ſend into the Empire the Contingent of this Electorate, the Regiments of Buſch, Middagen, Brunk and Killmanſegg, which are to compoſe it, have received Orders to be in Readineſs to march on the firſt Notice.

Ratiſbon, June 19. According to the laſt Letters from Munich, the Convention between that Court and the two Maritime Powers is already ſo far advanced, that there is no doubt but the News of its being ſigned will very ſoon arrive. The Body of Troops which the Elector of Bavaria is to furniſh to thoſe Powers, will be commanded by the Prince of Saxe Hildburghauſen, who will ſerve in the Army as General of Horſe.

Heidelbourg. June 20. Six French Regiments, partly Horſe and partly Foot, have been for ſome time paſt upon the March, in their Way from Flanders to the Moſelle. Moſt of the regular Troops in the Upper Alſace, and the Suntgaw are to follow them; ſo that ſcarce one Fortreſs thereabouts will have a tolerable Garriſon left in it. Even at Strasburgh, there will be only Militia: But Landau will have a good Body of Regular Troops beſides the Militia.

LONDON, *July* 5

The French are marching their Militia from ſeveral Places towards the Coaſts of Normandy, in order to ſupport the Coaſt-guards, if any Deſcent ſhould be attempted by the Engliſh.

The Regiſter M. Gilles, who is gone again to Paris, is ſaid to be inveſted with the Character of Ambaſſador Extraordinary, which we are told, however, he will not aſſume but upon a certain Condition mentioned in his Inſtructions.

Proviſions are very dear at Genoa, occaſioned by the Engliſh Men of War taking and intimidating the Tranſports.

It is ſaid that the Auſtrian Reinforcements are by this time joined the Allied Army; and that Marſhal Bathiani will ſoon move towards the French.—Who no doubt, (according to Cuſtom) will take Care that He muſt fight them;---Not They him.

It was reported on Thurſday, that Baron Waſner, Envoy Extraordinay from the Emperor, received an Expreſs on Wedneſday, with the Account, that the 2000 of the Allied Army that were cut to Pieces by the Auſtrian Forces near Placentia, were all Horſe.

There is Advice, that the King of Sweden was very much indiſpoſed the 28th of June, N. S. at Charlesburg.

The Cheſterfield Privateer, of Dublin, has taken the Prize Frigate, from the Havanna, bound to Cadiz, a Regiſter Ship richly laden, and brought her into Dublin. She is ſaid to be worth 50,000 l.

Yeſterday the Merchants received Advice, that the Dorſet, Capt. Twinehoe, from Jamaica, which was ſuppoſed to be loſt or taken, arrived the 2d inſt. at Yarmouth, having come North about.

There are Letters in Town from Scotland, which give a certain Account, that a Body of his Majeſty's Forces had ſurpriſed a conſiderable Party of the Rebels, and that they refuſed to lay down their Arms; on which a Skirmiſh enſued, in which moſt of the Rebels were killed.

We hear that the Bench of Biſhops will not be ſummoned to give their Judgments at the enſuing Trials of the Rebel Lords, which begins in Weſtminſter-Hall on Monday the 28th inſt.

EDINBURGH, *July* 10.

By a Letter from an Officer at Fort Auguſtus, of the 29 June, there is Advice, That upon an Information, that ſome of the Heads of the Rebels were in a Wood near Garvamuir, a Detachment was ſent in Queſt of them; but the Rebels having Intelligence of it, had juſt time to make off; that the Party ſent after them fired upon their Rear, and wounded one Man, but a River being between them they could not get up with them: That they however burnt the Hutt, in which they lodged, which was a Curioſity, being of Wicker-wood, had eleven different Apartments with a Fire Place in each of them: There was left upon a Table, a Limon cut through with ſome Bottles of different Kinds of Liquors, a Fowling-piece, and ſome other Trifles. Lochiel with his Followers was ſuppoſed to be among them.——Old Lord Lovat drinks hard and eats little.——Macniel of Barra, with 40 more, are ſent to Inverneſs.—It is thought that the Army won't march South for three Weeks.—Parties are every Day bringing in great Numbers of Cattle, but no Priſoners of Note.

From Dundee, That a Skirmiſh happen'd lately betwixt a Party of Hamilton's Dragoons, and a Party of Rebels who had ventured down to the Low Country to carry off Proviſions, in which the latter were totally routed, ſeveral killed and ſeven taken and brought in Priſoners to that Place by the Dragoons.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland ſtill remains at Fort Auguſtus, and Parties of the Troops are every where in Motion.

From Caſtle Menzies, that the Rannach-men have all ſubmited to Captain Webſter, and that there is not the leaſt Appearance of Diſorders in theſe Parts.

By a private Letter from London, there is Advice that Mr. Grant of Shewgly (who was carried lately up thither on Suſpicion) is releaſed from his Confinement.

Yeſterday, betwixt 12 and 1, John Dickſon, formerly a Soldier of Col. Lees's Regiment, was brought down from the Caſtle and hanged in the Graſs-market, for Deſertion, purſuant to a Sentence of a Court-martial. ——He had been taken Priſoner by the Rebels at Preſton, enliſted with them and continued in their Service till the Battle of Culloden, when he fell again into the Hands of the King's Troops.——Col. Lees's Regiment attended the Execution, a Party of whom took down the Body, by Orders of the Commanding Officer, and decently interred it.

☽ This Day, the 3d Day of the Moon, it is high Water at Leith, Forenoon, at 4 o'clock, 18 M. Afternoon, at 4, 42 M. Friday, Forenoon, at 5, 6 M. Afternoon, at 5, 30 M. Saturday, Forenoon, at 5, 54 M. Afternoon, at 6, 18 M.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

¶ Whereas Hugh Seton of *TOUCH* intends to preſerve the GAME on his Muirs of *Touch*, he hopes no Gentleman will hunt on the ſaid Muirs without Leave, as there are poſitive Orders given to proſecute every Body found there with the utmoſt Rigour.

By Order of the Right Honourable the Earl of DALKEITH,

Theſe are to give Notice, That his Lordſhip has given Directions for preſerving the GAME upon his Eſtate in the Pariſhes of Langholm, Weſterkirk, Eskdale muir, Ewis and Cannobie.—— He expects no Gentleman will, without proper Authority, hunt upon his Grounds; and has given Orders to proſecute Tranſgreſſors in Terms of Law.

By Warrant of the Right Hon. the Lords of Council and Seſſion,

The Lands, Houſes, Yard, Shops, Cellars, and others, lying within the City of Glaſgow and Village of Gorbals, which pertained to the deceaſt Walter Corbet Merchant in Glaſgow, are to be expoſed to publick Roup and Sale before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills for the Time, in the Parliament or New Seſſion-houſe, upon Tueſday the 15th current, between the Hours of 2 and 4 in the Afternoon, at the reduced Price of 400 l. Sterling. The Proof of the Rental and Value, with the Articles and Minutes of Roup, are to be ſeen at Dalrymple's Office, in the Hands of Mathew Brown one of the Under-clerks of Seſſion.

¶ That upon Monday the 14th July inſtant, there is to be ſold by publick Roup, in Whole or in Parcels, at the Farm of *NEW LISTON*, a fine FIELD of LINT, about nine Acres. The Roup will begin at 10 o'Clock Forenoon at Breaſtmiln. The Conditions are to be ſeen at Breaſtmiln, and in the Hands of Mr. Robert Dalrymple Writer to the Signet.

¶§¶ On Saturday the 5th of July inſtant, there wandered from George Ramſay's Stabler in the Canongate, a DOG, martel'd with white and brown Spots, with large brown Spots upon his Sides, with a brown Noſe and brown Ears, and a white Snip down his Face, and long Tail. Whoever brings the ſame to the ſaid George Ramſay, ſhall be handſomely rewarded, and no Queſtions asked. He had a Pair of Cupples about his Neck when he went away.

To be expoſed to Sale by way of publick voluntary Roup, upon Monday the 28th of July current, between the Hours of 3 and 4 Afternoon, within the Laigh Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh, in Wholeſale or Parcels,

The Lands of *BURNBRAE*, of neat Rent 195 l. 18 s. 6 d. the Lands of *LATCHBRAE*, 102 l. 3 s. 10 d. the Lands of *REIDHAUGH*, 99 l. 10 s 6 d. and the Lands of *WHITEHILL* and *TOR*, 133 l. 1 s. 10 d. all Scots Money, holding Feu of a Subject, and all lying within the Pariſh of Whiteburn and Shire of Linlithgow. The Rental, Progreſs of Writs and Conditions of Roup to be ſeen in the Hands of Robert Menzies Writer to the Signet.

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